## Parallel Lines:

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\*Slopes are the SAME

Steps	Example
Step 1: Identify the slope.	Slope of parallel line
Step 2: Find the y-intercept.	*Substitute into Slope-Intercept Form: Y = mX + b and solve for b.
Given Point:	
	= b
<b>Step 3</b> : Write an equation. Use "y= mx + b".	Equation: Y = X +

## **Perpendicular Lines:**

\*Slope = OPPOSITE RECIPROCAL (flip the fraction or whole number) *Ex*: 3 and  $-\frac{1}{3}$ 

Steps	
Step 1: Identify the slope.	Given equation has a slope of So, the slope of the perpendicular line is
Step 2: Find the y-intercept.	*Substitute into Slope-Intercept Form: Y = mX + b and solve for b.
Given Point:	
	= b
<b>Step 3</b> : Write an equation. Use "γ= mx + b".	Equation: Y = X +